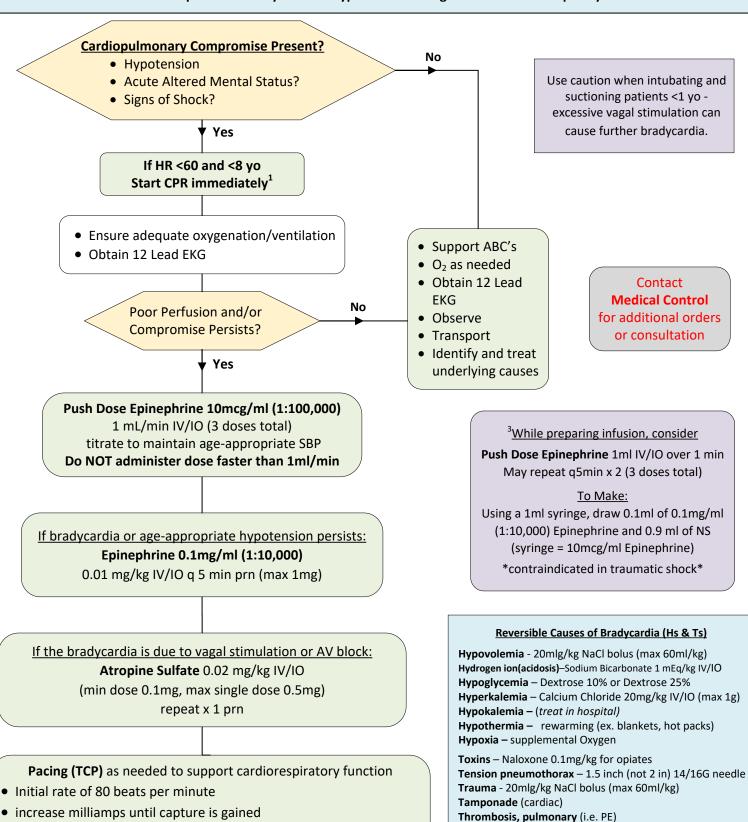
Pediatric Bradycardia

Pediatric patients become bradycardic just prior to arrest - Look at your patient not the monitor

- Patients perfusing well and without respiratory compromise usually do not require emergency treatment for bradycardia
- ¹Chest compressions should not be delayed for an EKG and should continue while bradycardia is being treated.
- The most common cause of pediatric bradycardia is hypoxemia recognize it and treat it quickly



• Increase the rate as needed until patient is hemodynamically stable

Thrombosis, coronary (i.e. STEMI)